

About Kanyapella Basin

- Managed cooperatively between the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Parks Victoria and Goulburn-Murray Water, with support from other agencies, community groups and local landowners
- It covers 2.950 hectares
- · Functions as a flood retardation basin
- Receives water primarily from regional drains servicing the irrigation area
- Infrastructure completed to allow appropriate flood regimes
- · Supports threatened flora and fauna
- Provides breeding habitat for colonial waterbirds
- · Contains cultural heritage sites
- Provides opportunities for recreational activities



Tongala outfall drain

Who is involved with Kanyapella?

Numerous individuals, special interest groups and agencies have, to varying degrees, interest in activities at Kanyapella Basin. Key Stakeholders are those with direct land management responsibilities - Department of Sustainability and Environment, Parks Victoria and Goulburn-Murray Water. General Stakeholders are those with a keen interest in the development of the Environmental Management Plan but with no direct land management responsibilities. This includes Department of Primary Industries, Goulburn Broken Catchment Management Authority. Shire of Campaspe, Yorta Yorta Aboriginal Corporation, Field and Game Australia, Koyuga-Kanyapella Landcare Group, Bird Observation and Conservation Australia and local landowners.



Yambuna Creek

Partnership Acknowledgement

- Department of Sustainability and Environment
- Parks Victoria
- Goulburn-Murray Water
- · Department of Primary Industries
- Goulburn Broken Catchment Management Authority
- Shire of Campaspe
- Yorta Yorta Nation Aboriginal Corporation
- Field and Game Australia
- Koyuga-Kanyapella Landcare Group
- Bird Observation and Conservation Australia
- Local landowners







Front Cover:

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KANYAPELLA BASIN WILDLIFE AREA



Sites of interest

Black Box Woodland

Eucelyphus largifforens Conservation Status -Endangered

2. Warrigal Creek Regulator

Goulburn-Murray Water infrastructure to manage flood

3. River Red Gum Forest

Eucalyptus camalitulensis Conservation Status -Vulnerable to Depleted

4. Open Wetland Area

Dominated by rushes, sedges Conservation Status -Depleted

Yambuna Creek Regulator

Goulburn-Murray Water infrastructure to manage flood

Landcare Revegetation

Projects completed in 2009 and 2010 by the Koyuga-Kanyapella Landcare Group

Where is Kanyapella?

Kanyapeta Basin is located 11km east of Echuca, Victoria (14454' E, 3609' S), on the floodplain of the Lower Goulburn and Murray Rivers and covers an area of 2,950 hectares

Visitors have restricted access to Kanyapella Basin Wildlife Area via a number of unsealed. roads, including Mitchell Road, Watson Road, Castle Road, Fraser Road and Tehan Road. All tracks are predominantly clay and are hazardous when wet. Many of the tracks are suitable for four-wheel drive vehicles only.



Caution

- Hunting only permitted in open
- Areas are subject to flooding
- Roads/tracks/levee banks are unsealed and can be inaccessible to 4-wheel drive vehicles when wet
- Vehicles are not permitted off-road
- Trail bikes must be registered
- Firewood collection is prohibited Rubbish dumping is prohibited
- No facilities are provided (parking, toilets, rubbish bins etc)

Flora recorded at Kanyapella

- Wallaby Grass (Austrodanthonia spp)
- New Holland Daisy (Vittadinia spp)
- Early Nancy (Wumbes spp)
- Surrays (Rhodanthe spp)
- Tangled Lignum (Muehlenbeckia florienta)
- Nardoo (Marsilea spp)
- Flax (Linum spp)
- Goodenia (Goodenia spp)
- Nodding Saltbush (Einadia nutans)
- Poong'ort (Carex tereticaulis)
- Woodland Swamp Daisy (Brachyscome basaltica var.gracilis)
- Berry Saltbush (Atriplex sembaccata)
- Silver Wattle (Acacia dealbata)
- Grey Box (Eucalyptus microcarpa)
- River Red Gum (Eucalyptus camaldulensis)
- Black Box (Eucalyptus largiflorens)



Goodenia (Goodenia spyr)

Fauna recorded at Kanyapella

Common species

- Red-rumped Parrot (Psephotus haematonotus)
- Yellow Rosella (Platycercus elegana flaveolus)
- Brown Treecreeper (Climacteris picumnus)
- Superti Fairy-wren (Malurus cyaneus)
- Striated Pardalote (Pardalotus striatus)
- Western Gerygone (Gerygone fusca)
- Yellow-rumped Thombill (Acanthiza chrysanhou)
- White-plumed Honeyeater /Lichenostomus
- Red-capped Robin (Petroica goodenovii)
- Wedge-tailed Eagle (Aquila audax)
- Eastern Brown Snake (Pseudo fextilis)
- Tree Goanna (Vavanus varius)
- Long Necked Tortoise (Chelodina longicallis) Common Eastern Froglet (Ranidella signfera)
- Yellow-billed Spoonbill (Platalea flavipes)

Uncommon or threatened species

- Bush Stone-curiew (Burhinus graflanus)
- Musk Duck (Bizlura lobata)
- Painted Snipe (Rostratula benghalensis)
- Barking Owl (Ninox connivens)
- Rainbow Bee-eater (Merops omatus)
- Royal Spoonbill (Platalea regia)
- Brolga (Grus rubicundus)
- Azure Kingfisher (Alcedo azurea)
- Yellow-footed Antechinus (Antechinus flavipus)
- Nankeen Night Heron (Nycticorax caledonicus)

Many species of waterbirds visit Kanyapella Basin during flood events.